## New Zealand COVID-19 Alert Levels Summary

### ELIMINATION STRATEGY – New Zealand is working together to eliminate COVID-19

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alert Level</th>
<th>Risk Assessment</th>
<th>Range of Measures (can be applied locally or nationally)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Level 4 – Lockdown** | Likely the disease is not contained | • Sustained and intensive community transmission is occurring.  
 • Widespread outbreaks.  
 • People instructed to stay home in their bubble other than for essential personal movement.  
 • Safe recreational activity is allowed in local area.  
 • Travel is severely limited.  
 • All gatherings cancelled and all public venues closed.  
 • Workers should be kept at least 1 metre apart where possible, and face coverings are strongly recommended.  
 • All businesses must display a government issued QR code for use with the NZ COVID Tracer App by 19 August.  
 • Low risk local recreation activities are allowed.  
 • Public venues are closed (e.g. libraries, museums, cinemas, food courts, gyms, pools, playgrounds, markets).  
 • Gatherings of up to 10 people are allowed but only for wedding services, funerals and tangihanga.  
 • Physical distancing and public health measures must be maintained.  
 • Inter-regional travel is highly limited (e.g. for essential workers, people returning to their primary residence, with limited exemptions for others).  
 • People at high risk of severe illness (older people and those with existing medical conditions) are encouraged to stay at home where possible, and take additional precautions when leaving home. They may choose to work. | 
| **Level 3 – Restrict** | High risk the disease is not contained | • Multiple cases of community transmission occurring.  
 • Multiple active clusters in multiple regions.  
 • People instructed to stay home in their bubble other than for essential personal movement.  
 • Physical distancing of two metres outside home or one metre in controlled environments like schools and workplaces.  
 • Wearing a face covering is strongly encouraged when outside of the home for people 7 years of age and older.  
 • People must stay within their immediate household bubble, but can expand this to connect with close family / whānau, or bring in caregivers, or support isolated people.  
 • Early learning centres and schools are open for children whose parents have to go to work and have no other care arrangements, particularly essential workers.  
 • People must work from home unless that is not possible.  
 • Businesses can open premises, but cannot physically interact with customers.  
 • Face coverings are encouraged if you are in close contact with others you don’t know.  
 • Sport and recreation activities are allowed, subject to conditions on gatherings, record keeping, and – where practical – physical distancing.  
 • Public venues such as museums, libraries, cinemas, food courts, gyms, pools, playgrounds, markets can open if they comply with public health measures and ensure 1 metre physical distancing and record keeping.  
 • Event facilities, including cinemas, stadiums, concert venues and casinos can have more than 100 people at a time, provided that there are no more than 100 in a defined space, and the groups do not mix.  
 • It is safe to send your children to schools, early learning services and tertiary education.  
 • There will be appropriate measures in place.  
 • People at higher-risk of severe illness from COVID-19 (e.g. those with underlying medical conditions, especially if not well-controlled, and seniors) are encouraged to take additional precautions when leaving home. They may work, if they agree with their employer that they can do so safely. | 
| **Level 2 – Reduce** | The disease is contained, but the risk of community transmission remains | • Limited community transmission could be occurring.  
 • Active clusters in more than one region.  
 • People can connect with friends and family, and socially in groups of up to 100, go shopping, or travel domestically, if following public health guidance.  
 • Keep physical distancing of two metres from people you don’t know when out in public or in retail stores. Keep one metre physical distancing in controlled environments like workplaces, where practicable.  
 • People 7 years old and older may consider wearing a face covering when physical distancing cannot be maintained.  
 • No more than 100 people at gatherings, including weddings, birthdays and funerals and tangihanga.  
 • Businesses can open to the public if following public health guidance including physical distancing and record keeping. Alternative ways of working encouraged where possible.  
 • Hospitality businesses must keep groups of customers separated, seated, and served by a single person. Maximum of 100 people at a time.  
 • All businesses must display a government issued QR code for use with the NZ COVID Tracer App by 19 August.  
 • People instructed to work from home if necessary, unless that is not possible.  
 • Workers should be kept at least 1 metre apart where possible, and face coverings are strongly recommended.  
 • Intensive testing for COVID-19.  
 • Public venues such as museums, libraries, cinemas, food courts, gyms, pools, playgrounds, markets can open if they comply with public health measures and ensure 1 metre physical distancing and record keeping.  
 • Event facilities, including cinemas, stadiums, concert venues and casinos can have more than 100 people at a time, provided that there are no more than 100 in a defined space, and the groups do not mix.  
 • It is safe to send your children to schools, early learning services and tertiary education.  
 • There will be appropriate measures in place.  
 • People at higher-risk of severe illness from COVID-19 (e.g. those with underlying medical conditions, especially if not well-controlled, and seniors) are encouraged to take additional precautions when leaving home. They may work, if they agree with their employer that they can do so safely. | 
| **Level 1 – Prepare** | The disease is contained in New Zealand | • COVID-19 is uncontrolled overseas.  
 • Sporadic imported cases.  
 • Isolated local transmission could be occurring in New Zealand.  
 • Border entry measures to minimise risk of importing COVID-19 cases.  
 • Intensive testing for COVID-19.  
 • Rapid contact tracing of any positive case.  
 • Self-isolation and quarantine required.  
 • Schools and workplaces open, and must operate safely.  
 • No restrictions on personal movement but people are encouraged to maintain a record of where they have been.  
 • No restrictions on gatherings but organisations encouraged to maintain records to enable contact tracing.  
 • Stay home if you’re sick, report flu-like symptoms.  
 • Wash and dry hands, cough into elbow, don’t touch your face.  
 • No restrictions on domestic transport – avoid public transport or travel if sick.  
 • No restrictions on workplaces or services but they are encouraged to maintain records to enable contact tracing. | 

### Alert Levels

- **Level 4 – Lockdown**
  - The disease is not contained
  - Different parts of the country may be at different Alert Levels
  - Essential services including supermarkets, health services, emergency services, utilities and goods transport will continue to operate at any level
  - Employers in those sectors must continue to meet health and safety obligations
  - Restrictions are cumulative (e.g. at Alert Level 4, all restrictions from Alert Levels 1, 2 and 3 apply)

- **Level 3 – Restrict**
  - The disease is not contained
  - Alert Level (e.g. the application may be different depending on if New Zealand is moving down or up Alert Levels)
  - The measures may be updated based on new scientific knowledge about COVID-19, information about the effectiveness of control measures in New Zealand and overseas, or the application of Alert Levels at different times

- **Level 2 – Reduce**
  - The disease is contained, but the risk of community transmission remains

- **Level 1 – Prepare**
  - The disease is contained in New Zealand

### Alert Levels Summary

- Isolated local transmission
- Multiple active clusters
- Multiple cases of community transmission
- Sustained and intensive community transmission